San Pablo Catholic University (UCSP) Undergraduate Program in Computer Science SILABO

CS392. Advanced Topics in Software Engineering (Elective)



2021-1		
1. General information		
1.1 School	:	Ciencia de la Computación
1.2 Course	:	CS392. Advanced Topics in Software Engineering
1.3 Semester	:	9 ^{no} Semestre.
1.4 Prerrequisites	:	CS391. Software Engineering III. (7^{th} Sem)
1.5 Type of course	:	Elective
1.6 Learning modality	:	Virtual
1.7 Horas	:	2 HT; 2 HP; 2 HL;
1.8 Credits	:	4

2. Professors

Lecturer

- Gustavo Delgado Ugarte <ggdelgado@ucsp.edu.pe>
 - MSc in Ingeniería del Software, Escuela Universitaria de Ingeniería Industrial, Informática y Sistemas UTA, Chile, 2009.

3. Course foundation

El desarrollo de software requiere del uso de mejores prácticas de desarrollo, gestión de proyectos de TI, manejo de equipos y uso eficiente y racional de frameworks de aseguramiento de la calidad y de Gobierno de Portfolios, estos elemento son pieza clave y transversal para el éxito del proceso productivo.

Este curso explora el diseño, selección, implementación y gestión de soluciones TI en las Organizaciones. El foco está en las aplicaciones y la infraestructura y su aplicación en el negocio.

4. Summary

1. Software Design 2. Software Project Management 3. 4.

5. Generales Goals

- Entender una variedad de frameworks para el análisis de arquitectura empresarial y la toma de decisiones
- Utilizar técnicas para la evaluación y gestión del riesgo en el portfolio de la empresa
- Evaluar y planificar la integración de tecnologías emergentes
- Entender el papel y el potencial de las TI para a apoyar la gestión de procesos empresariales
- Entender los difentes enfoques para modelar y mejorar los procesos de negocio
- Describir y comprender modelos de aseguramiento de la calidad como marco clave para el éxitos de los proyectos de TI.
- Comprender y aplicar el framework de IT Governance como elemento clave para la gestión del portfolio de aplicaciones Empresariales

6. Contribution to Outcomes

This discipline contributes to the achievement of the following outcomes:

- c) An ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability. (Usage)
- d) An ability to function on multidisciplinary teams. (Usage)
- i) An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern computing tools necessary for computing practice. (Usage)
- j) Apply the mathematical basis, principles of algorithms and the theory of Computer Science in the modeling and design of computational systems in such a way as to demonstrate understanding of the equilibrium points involved in the chosen option. (Assessment)
- m) Transform your knowledge of the area of Computer Science into technological enterprises. (Assessment)
- o) Understand that the formation of a good professional is not disconnected or opposed but rather contributes to genuine personal growth. This requires the assimilation of solid values, broad spiritual horizons and a deep vision of the cultural environment. (Usage)

7. Content

ompetences: c,d,i,j,m,o	
ontent	Generales Goals
 System design principles: levels of abstraction (architectural design and detailed design), separation of concerns, information hiding, coupling and cohesion , re-use of standard structures Design Paradigms such as structured design (top-down functional decomposition), object-oriented analysis and design, event driven design, component-level design, data-structured centered, aspect oriented, function oriented, service oriented Structural and behavioral models of software designs Design patterns Relationships between requirements and designs: transformation of models, design of contracts, invariants Software architecture concepts and standard architectures (e.g. client-server, n-layer, transform centered, pipes-and-filters) The use of component desing: component selection, design, adaptation and assembly of components, (or example, building a GUI using a standar widget set) Refactoring designs using design patterns Internal design qualities, and models for them: efficiency and performance, redundacy and fault tolerance, traceability of requeriments Measurement and analysis of design quality Tradeoffs between different aspects of quality Application frameworks Middleware: the object-oriented paradigm within middleware, object request brokers and marshalling, transaction processing monitors, workflow systems Principles of secure design and coding Principle of least privilege Principle of fail-safe defaults Principle of psychological acceptability 	 Articulate design principles including separation of concerns, information hiding, coupling and cohesion and encapsulation [Usage] Use a design paradigm to design a simple software system, and explain how system design principle have been applied in this design [Usage] Construct models of the design of a simple software system that are appropriate for the paradigm use to design it [Usage] Within the context of a single design paradigm, describe one or more design patterns that could be applicable to the design of a simple software system [Usage] For a simple system suitable for a given scenarid discuss and select an appropriate design paradigm [Usage] Create appropriate models for the structure and be havior of software products from their requirement specifications [Usage] Explain the relationships between the requirement for a software product and its design, using appropriate models [Usage] For the design of a simple software system withit the context of a single design paradigm, describe the software architecture of that system [Usage] Given a high-level design, identify the software architectures such as 3-tier, pipe-and-filter, an client-server [Usage] Investigate the impact of software architectures selection on the design of a simple system [Usage] Apply simple examples of patterns in a software design [Usage] Select suitable components for use in the design of software product [Usage] Explain how suitable components might need to be adapted for use in the design of a software product [Usage] Design a contract for a typical small software component for use in a given system [Usage]

• Apply models for internal and external qualities in designing software components to achieve an accept-

age]

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- Describe the impact of risk tolerance on the software development process [Usage]
- Identify risks and describe approaches to managing risk (avoidance, acceptance, transference, mitigation), and characterize the strengths and short-

Competences: c,d,i,j,m	
Content	Generales Goals
 Administración del servicio como práctica. Ciclo de vida del servicio. Definiciones y conceptos genéricos. Modelos y principios claves. Procesos. Tecnología y arquitectura. Competencia y entrenamiento. 	• Utilizar y aplicar correctamente ITIL en el proceso de software. [Usage]

Generales Goals
• Utilizar y aplicar correctamente COBIT en el pro- ceso de software. [Usage]
2015)

8. Methodology

El profesor del curso presentará clases teóricas de los temas señalados en el programa propiciando la intervención de los alumnos.

El profesor del curso presentará demostraciones para fundamentar clases teóricas.

El profesor y los alumnos realizarán prácticas

Los alumnos deberán asistir a clase habiendo leído lo que el profesor va a presentar. De esta manera se facilitará la comprensión y los estudiantes estarán en mejores condiciones de hacer consultas en clase.

9. Assessment

Continuous Assessment 1 : 20 %

Partial Exam : 30%

Continuous Assessment 2 : 20 %

Final exam : 30%

References

Pressman, Roger S. and Bruce Maxim (Jan. 2015). Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach. 8th. McGraw-Hill. Sommerville, Ian (Mar. 2017). Software Engineering. 10th. Pearson.