San Pablo Catholic University (UCSP) Undergraduate Program in Computer Science SILABO

CS272. Databases II (Mandatory)



1. General information		
1.1 School	: Cie	ncia de la Computación
1.2 Course	: CS	272. Databases II
1.3 Semester	: 5^{to}	Semestre.
1.4 Prerrequisites	: CS	271. Databases I. (4^{th} Sem)
1.5 Type of course	: Ma	ndatory
1.6 Learning modality	: Vir	tual
1.7 Horas	: 1 H	IT; 2 HP; 2 HL;
1.8 Credits	: 3	

2. Professors

Lecturer

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 PhD in Ciencia de la Computación, IPN, México, 2009.

3. Course foundation

Information Management (IM) plays a leading role in almost every area where computers are used. This area includes the capture, digitization, representation, organization, transformation and presentation of information; Algorithms to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of access and update of stored information, data modeling and abstraction, and physical file storage techniques.

It also covers information security, privacy, integrity and protection in a shared environment. Students need to be able to develop conceptual and physical data models, determine which IM methods and techniques are appropriate for a given problem, and be able to select and implement an appropriate IM solution that reflects all applicable constraints, including scalability and Usability.

4. Summary

1. Physical Database Design 2. Transaction Processing 3. Information Storage and Retrieval 4. Distributed Databases

5. Generales Goals

- To make the student understand the different applications that the databases have, in the different areas of knowledge.
- Show appropriate ways of storing information based on their various approaches and their subsequent retrieval of information.

6. Contribution to Outcomes

This discipline contributes to the achievement of the following outcomes:

- b) An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data. (Assessment)
- e) Understand correctly the professional, ethical, legal, security and social implications of the profession. (Assessment)
- i) An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern computing tools necessary for computing practice. (Assessment)
- j) Apply the mathematical basis, principles of algorithms and the theory of Computer Science in the modeling and design of computational systems in such a way as to demonstrate understanding of the equilibrium points involved in the chosen option. (Assessment)

7. Content

Competences: b,j		
Content	Generales Goals	
Storage and file structureIndexed files	• Explain the concepts of records, record types, and files, as well as the different techniques for placin, file records on disk [Usage]	
• Hashed files	• Give examples of the application of primary, see	
• Signature files	 ondary, and clustering indexes [Usage] Distinguish between a non-dense index and a den index [Usage] Implement dynamic multilevel indexes using B-tree 	
• B-trees		
• Files with dense index		
• Files with variable length records	[Usage]	
• Database efficiency and tuning	• Explain the theory and application of internal an external hashing techniques [Usage]	
	• Use hashing to facilitate dynamic file expansion [Us age]	
	• Describe the relationships among hashing, compre- sion, and efficient database searches [Usage]	
	• Evaluate costs and benefits of various hashin schemes [Usage]	
	• Explain how physical database design affect database transaction efficiency [Usage]	
Readings: Burleson (2004), Celko (2005)		

Competences: b,j				
Content	Generales Goals			
 Transactions Failure and recovery Concurrency control Interaction of transaction management with storage, especially buffering 	 Create a transaction by embedding SQL into an application program [Usage] Explain the concept of implicit commits [Usage] Describe the issues specific to efficient transaction execution [Usage] Explain when and why rollback is needed and how logging assures proper rollback [Usage] Explain the effect of different isolation levels on th concurrency control mechanisms [Usage] Choose the proper isolation level for implementing a specified transaction protocol [Usage] Identify appropriate transaction boundaries in application programs [Usage] 			
Readings: Philip A. Bernstein (1997), Ramez Elmasri (2	1			

ompetences: b,j ontent	Generales Goals
• Documents, electronic publishing, markup, and markup languages	• Explain basic information storage and retrieval co cepts [Usage]
• Tries, inverted files, PAT trees, signature files, in- dexing	• Describe what issues are specific to efficient inform tion retrieval [Usage]
 Morphological analysis, stemming, phrases, stop lists Term frequency distributions, uncertainty, fuzziness, weighting Vector space, probabilistic, logical, and advanced 	 Give applications of alternative search strategies as explain why the particular search strategy is appr priate for the application [Usage] Design and implement a small to medium size is formation storage and retrieval system, or digital
modelsInformation needs, relevance, evaluation, effective- ness	brary [Usage]Describe some of the technical solutions to the prolems related to archiving and preserving information
• Thesauri, ontologies, classification and categoriza- tion, metadata	in a digital library [Usage]
• Bibliographic information, bibliometrics, citations	
• Routing and (community) filtering	
• Multimedia search, information seeking behavior, user modeling, feedback	
• Information summarization and visualization	
• Faceted search (e.g., using citations, keywords, classification schemes)	
• Digital libraries	
• Digitization, storage, interchange, digital objects, composites, and packages	
• Metadata and cataloging	
• Naming, repositories, archives	
• Archiving and preservation, integrity	
• Spaces (conceptual, geographical, 2/3D, VR)	
• Architectures (agents, buses, wrappers/mediators), interoperability	
• Services (searching, linking, browsing, and so forth)	
• Intellectual property rights management, privacy, and protection (watermarking)	

Content	Generales Goals
 Distributed DBMS Distributed data storage Distributed query processing Distributed transaction model Homogeneous and heterogeneous solutions Client-server distributed databases Parallel DBMS Parallel DBMS architectures: shared memory, shared disk, shared nothing; Speedup and scale-up, e.g., use of the MapReduce processing model Data replication and weak consistency models 	 Explain the techniques used for data fragmentation replication, and allocation during the distributed database design process [Usage] Evaluate simple strategies for executing a distributed query to select the strategy that minimizes the amount of data transfer [Usage] Explain how the two-phase commit protocol is used to deal with committing a transaction that access databases stored on multiple nodes [Usage] Describe distributed concurrency control based of the distinguished copy techniques and the votin method [Usage] Describe the three levels of software in the client server model [Usage]
Readings: M. Tamer Ozsu (1999)	

El profesor del curso presentará clases teóricas de los temas señalados en el programa propiciando la intervención de los alumnos.

El profesor del curso presentará demostraciones para fundamentar clases teóricas.

El profesor y los alumnos realizarán prácticas

Los alumnos deberán asistir a clase habiendo leído lo que el profesor va a presentar. De esta manera se facilitará la comprensión y los estudiantes estarán en mejores condiciones de hacer consultas en clase.

9. Assessment

Continuous Assessment 1 : 20 %

Partial Exam : 30 %

Continuous Assessment 2 : 20 %

Final exam : 30 %

References

Burleson, Donald K. (2004). Physical Database Design Using Oracle. CRC Press.

Celko, Joe (2005). Joe Celko's SQL Programming Style. Elsevier.

M. Tamer Ozsu, Patrick Valduriez (1999). Principles of Distributed Database Systems, Second Edition. Prentice Hall. Peter Brusilovsky Alfred Kobsa, Julita Vassileva (1998). Adaptive Hypertext and Hypermedia, First Edition. Springer. Philip A. Bernstein, Eric Newcomer (1997). Principles of Transaction Processing, First Edition. Morgan Kaufmann. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe (2004). Fundamentals of Database Systems, Fourth Edition. Addison Wesley.