San Pablo Catholic University (UCSP) Undergraduate Program in Computer Science SILABO

Universidad Católica San Pablo 2022-II

CS281. Computing in Society (Mandatory)

1. General information

1.1 School : Ciencia de la Computación 1.2 Course : CS281. Computing in Society

1.3 Semester : 8^{vo} Semestre.

1.4 Prerrequisites : FG210. Moral . (5th Sem)

1.5 Type of course: Mandatory1.6 Learning modality: Face to face1.7 Horas: 2 HT;1.8 Credits: 2

2. Professors

3. Course foundation

Ofrece una visión amplia de los aspectos éticos y profesionales relacionados con la computación. Los tópicos que se incluyen abarcan los aspectos éticos, sociales y políticos. Las dimensiones morales de la computación. Los métodos y herramientas de análisis. Administración de los recursos computacionales. Seguridad y control de los sistemas computacionales. Responsabilidades profesionales y éticas. Propiedad intelectual.

4. Summary

1. History 2. Social Context 3. Analytical Tools 4. Professional Ethics 5. Intellectual Property 6. Privacy and Civil Liberties 7. Security Policies, Laws and Computer Crimes 8. Economies of Computing

5. Generales Goals

- Hacer que el alumno entienda la importancia del cuidado y la ética en la transferencia y uso de la información.
- Inculcar en el alumno que las tendencias de mejoramiento de la tecnología, no debe ser llevada a degradar la moral de la sociedad.

6. Contribution to Outcomes

This discipline contributes to the achievement of the following outcomes:

- f) An ability to communicate effectively. (Familiarity)
- g) The broad education necessary to understand the impact of computing solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context. (Usage)
- n) (Usage)
- o) Understand that the formation of a good professional is not disconnected or opposed but rather contributes to genuine personal growth. This requires the assimilation of solid values, broad spiritual horizons and a deep vision of the cultural environment. (Usage)

7. Content

UNIT 1: History (2)		
Competences: f,g		
Content	Generales Goals	
 Prehistory, the world before 1946 History of computer hardware, software, networking Pioneers of computing History of the Internet 	 Identify significant continuing trends in the history of the computing field [Familiarity] Identify the contributions of several pioneers in the computing field [Familiarity] Discuss the historical context for several programming language paradigms [Familiarity] Compare daily life before and after the advent of personal computers and the Internet [Familiarity] 	
Readings: K. C. Laudon and J. P. Laudon (2004), McLeod Jr (2000)		

UNIT 2: Social Context (4)		
Competences: f,g		
Content	Generales Goals	
 Social implications of computing in a networked world Impact of social media on individualism, collectivism and culture Growth and control of the Internet Often referred to as the digital divide, differences in access to digital technology resources and its resulting ramifications for gender, class, ethnicity, geography, and/or underdeveloped countries Accessibility issues, including legal requirements Context-aware computing 	 Describe positive and negative ways in which computer technology (networks, mobile computing, cloud computing) alters modes of social interaction at the personal level [Familiarity] Identify developers' assumptions and values embedded in hardware and software design, especially as they pertain to usability for diverse populations including under-represented populations and the disabled [Usage] Interpret the social context of a given design and its implementation [Assessment] Evaluate the efficacy of a given design and implementation using empirical data [Familiarity] Summarize the implications of social media on individualism versus collectivism and culture [Familiarity] Discuss how Internet access serves as a liberating force for people living under oppressive forms of government; explain how limits on Internet access are used as tools of political and social repression [Familiarity] Analyze the pros and cons of reliance on computing in the implementation of democracy (eg delivery of social services, electronic voting) [Familiarity] Describe the impact of the under-representation of diverse populations in the computing profession (eg, industry culture, product diversity) [Usage] Explain the implications of context awareness in ubiquitous computing systems [Familiarity] 	

Readings: K. C. Laudon and J. P. Laudon (2004), McLeod Jr (2000)

Content Generales Goals • Ethical argumentation • Ethical theories and decision-making • Moral assumptions and values • Moral assumptions and values • Analyze basic logical fallacies in an argument [Usage] • Analyze an argument to identify premises and conclusion [Familiarity] • Illustrate the use of example and analogy in ethical argument [Familiarity] • Evaluate ethical/social tradeoffs in technical decisions [Familiarity]	UNIT 3: Analytical Tools (2) Competences: f,g,ñ		
 Ethical argumentation Ethical theories and decision-making Moral assumptions and values Evaluate stakeholder positions in a given situation [Familiarity] Analyze basic logical fallacies in an argument [Usage] Analyze an argument to identify premises and conclusion [Familiarity] Illustrate the use of example and analogy in ethical argument [Familiarity] Evaluate ethical/social tradeoffs in technical deci- 			
 Ethical theories and decision-making Moral assumptions and values Analyze basic logical fallacies in an argument [Usage] Analyze an argument to identify premises and conclusion [Familiarity] Illustrate the use of example and analogy in ethical argument [Familiarity] Evaluate ethical/social tradeoffs in technical deci- 	Content	Generales Goals	
Readings: K. C. Laudon and J. P. Laudon (2004), McLeod Jr (2000)	 Ethical theories and decision-making Moral assumptions and values 	 [Familiarity] Analyze basic logical fallacies in an argument [Usage] Analyze an argument to identify premises and conclusion [Familiarity] Illustrate the use of example and analogy in ethical argument [Familiarity] Evaluate ethical/social tradeoffs in technical decisions [Familiarity] 	

UNIT 4: Professional Ethics (4) Competences: f,g,ñ

Content

- Community values and the laws by which we live
- The nature of professionalism including care, attention and discipline, fiduciary responsibility, andmentoring
- Keeping up-to-date as a computing professional in terms of familiarity, tools, skills, legal and professional framework as well as the ability to self-assess and progress in the computing field
- Professional certification, codes of ethics, conduct, and practice, such as the ACM/IEEE-CS, SE, AITP, IFIP and international societies
- Accountability, responsibility and liability (e.g. software correctness, reliability and safety, as well as ethical confidentiality of cybersecurity professionals)
- The role of the computing professional in public policy
- Maintaining awareness of consequences
- Ethical dissent and whistle-blowing
- The relationship between regional culture and ethical dilemmas
- Dealing with harassment and discrimination
- Forms of professional credentialing
- Acceptable use policies for computing in the workplace
- Ergonomics and healthy computing environments
- Time to market and cost considerations versus quality professional standards

Generales Goals

- Identify ethical issues that arise in software development and determine how to address them technically and ethically [Usage]
- Explain the ethical responsibility of ensuring software correctness, reliability and safety. [Assessment]
- Describe the mechanisms that typically exist for a professional to keep up-to-date [Familiarity]
- Describe the strengths and weaknesses of relevant professional codes as expressions of professionalism and guides to decision-making [Familiarity]
- Analyze a global computing issue, observing the role of professionals and government officials in managing this problem [Familiarity]
- Evaluate the professional codes of ethics from the ACM, the IEEE Computer Society, and other organizations [Familiarity]
- Describe ways in which professionals may contribute to public policy [Familiarity]
- Describe the consequences of inappropriate professional behavior [Usage]
- Identify progressive stages in a whistle-blowing incident [Usage]
- Identify examples of how regional culture interplays with ethical dilemmas [Familiarity]
- Investigate forms of harassment and discrimination and avenues of assistance [Usage]
- Examine various forms of professional credentialing [Usage]
- Explain the relationship between ergonomics in computing environments and people's health [Usage]
- Develop a computer usage/acceptable use policy with enforcement measures [Familiarity]
- Describe issues associated with industries' push to focus on time to market versus enforcing quality professional standards [Usage]

Readings: K. C. Laudon and J. P. Laudon (2004), McLeod Jr (2000), Ediciones (2009a), Ediciones (2009b), Ediciones (2010)

UNIT 5: Intellectual Property (4)		
Competences: f,g,ñ		
Content	Generales Goals	
 Philosophical foundations of intellectual property Intellectual property rights (cross-reference IM/Information Storage and Retrieval/intellectual property and protection) Intangible digital intellectual property (IDIP) Legal foundations for intellectual property protection Digital rights management Copyrights, patents, trade secrets, trademarks Plagiarism Foundations of the open source movement Software piracy 	 Discuss the philosophical bases of intellectual property [Assessment] Discuss the rationale for the legal protection of intellectual property [Familiarity] Describe legislation aimed at digital copyright infringements [Assessment] Critique legislation aimed at digital copyright infringements [Familiarity] Identify contemporary examples of intangible digital intellectual property [Assessment] Justify uses of copyrighted materials [Assessment] [Familiarity] Evaluate the ethical issues inherent in various plagiarism detection mechanisms [Familiarity] Interpret the intent and implementation of software licensing [Familiarity] Discuss the issues involved in securing software patents [Familiarity] Characterize and contrast the concepts of copyright, patenting and trademarks [Familiarity] Identify the goals of the open source movement [Assessment] Identify the global nature of software piracy [Familiarity] 	
Readings: K. C. Laudon and J. P. Laudon (2004), McLeod Jr (2000), Ediciones (2009a), Ediciones (2009b), Ediciones (2010)		

UNIT 6: Privacy and Civil Liberties (4)		
Competences: f,g,\tilde{n}		
Content	Generales Goals	
 Philosophical foundations of privacy rights Legal foundations of privacy protection Privacy implications of widespread data collection for transactional databases, data warehouses, surveillance systems, and cloud computing Ramifications of differential privacy Technology-based solutions for privacy protection Privacy legislation in areas of practice Civil liberties and cultural differences Freedom of expression and its limitations Readings: K. C. Laudon and J. P. Laudon (2004), Months of the privacy protection	 Discuss the philosophical basis for the legal protection of personal privacy [Familiarity] Evaluate solutions to privacy threats in transactional databases and data warehouses [Familiarity] Describe the role of data collection in the implementation of pervasive surveillance systems (e.g., RFID, face recognition, toll collection, mobile computing). [Familiarity] Describe the ramifications of differential privacy. [Familiarity] Investigate the impact of technological solutions to privacy problems [Familiarity] Critique the intent, potential value and implementation of various forms of privacy legislation [Familiarity] Identify strategies to enable appropriate freedom of expression [Familiarity] 	
Ediciones (2010)		

UNIT 7: Security Policies, Laws and Computer Crimes (2)		
Competences: f,g,\tilde{n}		
Content	Generales Goals	
 Examples of computer crimes and legal redress for computer criminals Social engineering, identity theft and recovery Issues surrounding the misuse of access and breaches in security Motivations and ramifications of cyber terrorism and criminal hacking, "cracking" Effects of malware, such as viruses, worms and Trojan horses Crime prevention strategies Security policies 	 List classic examples of computer crimes and social engineering incidents with societal impact [Familiarity] Identify laws that apply to computer crimes [Familiarity] Describe the motivation and ramifications of cyber terrorism and criminal hacking [Familiarity] Examine the ethical and legal issues surrounding the misuse of access and various breaches in security [Familiarity] Discuss the professional's role in security and the trade-offs involved [Familiarity] Investigate measures that can be taken by both individuals and organizations including governments to prevent or mitigate the undesirable effects of computer crimes and identity theft [Familiarity] 	
	• Write a company-wide security policy, which includes procedures for managing passwords and employee monitoring [Familiarity]	
Readings: K. C. Laudon and J. P. Laudon (2004), McLeod Jr (2000), Ediciones (2009a), Ediciones (2009b), Ediciones (2010)		

UNIT 8: Economies of Computing (2) Competences: f,g,o,ñ Generales Goals Content • Monopolies and their economic implications • Summarize the rationale for antimonopoly efforts [Familiarity] • Effect of skilled labor supply and demand on the quality of computing products • Identify several ways in which the information technology industry is affected by shortages in the labor • Pricing strategies in the computing domain supply [Familiarity] • The phenomenon of outsourcing and off-shoring soft-• Identify the evolution of pricing strategies for comware development; impacts on employment and on puting goods and services [Familiarity] economics • Discuss the benefits, the drawbacks and the implica-• Consequences of globalization for the computer scitions of off-shoring and outsourcing [Familiarity] ence profession • Investigate and defend ways to address limitations • Differences in access to computing resources and the on access to computing [Usage] possible effects thereof • Describe the economic benefits of network effects • Cost/benefit analysis of jobs with considerations to [Usage] manufacturing, hardware, software, and engineering implications • Cost estimates versus actual costs in relation to total costs • Entrepreneurship: prospects and pitfalls • Network effect or demand-side economies of scale • Use of engineering economics in dealing with finances Readings: K. C. Laudon and J. P. Laudon (2004), McLeod Jr (2000), Ediciones (2009a), Ediciones (2009b), Ediciones (2010)

8. Methodology

El profesor del curso presentará clases teóricas de los temas señalados en el programa propiciando la intervención de los alumnos.

El profesor del curso presentará demostraciones para fundamentar clases teóricas.

El profesor y los alumnos realizarán prácticas

Los alumnos deberán asistir a clase habiendo leído lo que el profesor va a presentar. De esta manera se facilitará la comprensión y los estudiantes estarán en mejores condiciones de hacer consultas en clase.

9. Assessment

Continuous Assessment 1 : 20 %

Partial Exam : 30 %

Continuous Assessment 2 : 20 %

Final exam : 30 %

References

Ediciones, Datamation, ed. (2009a). Revista Datamation MC Ediciones.

Ediciones, Datamation, ed. (2009b). Understanding the Digital Economy.

Ediciones, Datamation, ed. (2010). Financial Times Mastering Information Management.

Laudon, Kenneth C. and Jane P. Laudon (2004). Sistemas de Información Gerencial. Prentice Hall.

McLeod Jr, Raymond (2000). Sistemas de Información Gerencial. Prentice Hall.