# San Pablo Catholic University (UCSP) Undergraduate Program in Computer Science SILABO

# CS292. Software Engineering II (Mandatory)

1. General information		
1.1 School	:	Ciencia de la Computación
1.2 Course	:	CS292. Software Engineering II
1.3 Semester	:	$6^{to}$ Semestre.
1.4 Prerrequisites	:	CS291. Software Engineering I. $(5^{th} \text{ Sem})$
1.5 Type of course	:	Mandatory
1.6 Learning modality	:	Face to face
1.7 Horas	:	2 HT; 2 HP; 2 HL;
1.8 Credits	:	4

2. Professors

Universidad Católica

## 3. Course foundation

The topics of this course extend the ideas of software design and development from the introduction sequence to programming to encompass the problems encountered in large-scale projects. It is a broader and more complete view of Software Engineering appreciated from a Project point of view.

### 4. Summary

1. Tools and Environments 2. Software Verification and Validation 3. Software Evolution 4. Software Project Management

## 5. Generales Goals

- Enable students to be part of and define software development teams facing real-world problems.
- familiarize the students with the process of administering a software project in such a way as to be able to create, improve and use tools and metrics that allow them to carry out the estimation and monitoring of a software project
- Create, evaluate and execute a test plan for medium-sized code segments, Distinguish between different types of tests, lay the foundation for creating, improve test procedures and tools for these purposes
- Select with justification an appropriate set of tools to support the development of a range of software products.
- Create, improve and use existing patterns for software maintenance. Disclose features and design patterns for software reuse.
- Identify and discuss different specialized systems, create, improve and use specialized standards for the design, implementation, maintenance and testing of specialized systems.

#### 6. Contribution to Outcomes

This discipline contributes to the achievement of the following outcomes:

- b) An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data. (Usage)
- c) An ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability. (Usage)
- f) An ability to communicate effectively. (Usage)
- i) An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern computing tools necessary for computing practice. (Assessment)
- k) Apply the principles of development and design in the construction of software systems of variable complexity. (Usage)

### 7. Content

Competences: c,f,i				
Content	Generales Goals			
<ul> <li>Software configuration management and version control</li> <li>Release management</li> <li>Requierements analysis and desing modeling tools</li> <li>Testing tools including static and dynamic analysis tools</li> <li>Programming environments that automate parts of program construction pocesses (e.g., automated builds) <ul> <li>Continuous integration</li> </ul> </li> <li>Tool integration concepts and mechanisms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Software configuration management and version control [Usage]</li> <li>Release management [Usage]</li> <li>Requierements analysis and desing modeling tool [Usage]</li> <li>Testing tools including static and dynamic analysit tools [Usage]</li> <li>Programming environments that automate parts of program construction pocesses (e.g., automate builds) <ul> <li>Continuous integration</li> <li>[Usage]</li> </ul> </li> <li>Tool integration concepts and mechanisms [Usage]</li> </ul>			
<b>Readings:</b> Pressman (2004), Blum (1992), Schach (2004)	A), Wang and King (2000), Keyes (2004), Windle and			
Abreo (2002), Priest and Sanchez (2001), Schach (2004),				
Oquendo (2003)				

	Generales Goals
<ul> <li>Verification and validation concepts</li> <li>Inspections, reviews, audits</li> <li>Testing types, including human computer interface, usability, reliability, security, conformance to specification</li> <li>Testing fundamentals <ul> <li>Unit, integration, validation, and system testing</li> <li>Test plan creation and test case generation</li> <li>Black-box and white-box testing techniques</li> <li>Regression testing and test automation</li> </ul> </li> <li>Defect tracking</li> <li>Limitations of testing in particular domains, such as parallel or safety-critical systems</li> <li>Static approaches and dynamic approaches to verification</li> <li>Deject-oriented testing; systems testing</li> <li>Verification and validation of non-code artifacts (documentation, help files, training materials)</li> <li>Fault logging, fault tracking and technical support for such activities</li> <li>Fault estimation and testing termination including defect seeding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Distinguish between program validation and veri cation [Usage]</li> <li>Describe the role that tools can play in the validation of software [Usage]</li> <li>Undertake, as part of a team activity, an inspection of a medium-size code segment [Usage]</li> <li>Describe and distinguish among the different typ and levels of testing (unit, integration, systems, an acceptance) [Usage]</li> <li>Describe techniques for identifying significant te cases for integration, regression and system testin [Usage]</li> <li>Create and document a set of tests for a medium-si code segment [Usage]</li> <li>Describe how to select good regression tests and a tomate them [Usage]</li> <li>Use a defect tracking tool to manage software defect in a small software project [Usage]</li> <li>Discuss the limitations of testing in a particular d main [Usage]</li> <li>Evaluate a test suite for a medium-size code segmen [Usage]</li> <li>Compare static and dynamic approaches to verification [Usage]</li> <li>Discuss the issues involving the testing of object oriented software [Usage]</li> <li>Discuss the issues involving the testing of object oriented software [Usage]</li> <li>Describe techniques for the verification and valid tion of non-code artifacts [Usage]</li> <li>Describe techniques for fault estimation [Usage]</li> <li>Describe approaches for fault estimation [Usage]</li> <li>Conduct an inspection or review of software sour code for a small or medium sized software project</li> </ul>

Competences: c,f,i				
Content	Generales Goals			
<ul> <li>Software development in the context of large, pre- existing code bases <ul> <li>Software change</li> <li>Concerns and concernlocation</li> <li>Refactoring</li> </ul> </li> <li>Software evolution <ul> <li>Characteristics of maintainable software</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reengineering systems</li> <li>Software reuse <ul> <li>Code segments</li> <li>Libraries and frameworks</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify the principal issues associated with softwar evolution and explain their impact on the softwar lifecycle [Usage]</li> <li>Estimate the impact of a change request to an existing product of medium size [Usage]</li> <li>Use refactoring in the process of modifying a software component [Usage]</li> <li>Discuss the challenges of evolving systems in changing environment [Usage]</li> <li>Outline the process of regression testing and its rol in release management [Usage]</li> <li>Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of different types of software reuse [Usage]</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Components</li> <li>Product lines</li> </ul>				
Readings: Pressman (2004), Blum (1992), Schach (2004)	4), Wang and King (2000), Keyes (2004), Windle and			

ntent	Generales Goals
<ul> <li>Team participation <ul> <li>Team processes including responsabilities for task, meeting structure, and work schedule</li> <li>Roles and responsabilities in a software team</li> <li>Team conflict resolution <ul> <li>Risks associated with virtual teams (communication, perception, structure)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Effort estimation (at the personal level)</li> <li>Risk <ul> <li>The role of risk in the lifecycle</li> <li>Risk categories including security, safety, market, financial, technology, people, quality, structure and process</li> </ul> </li> <li>Team management <ul> <li>Team organization and decision-making</li> <li>Role identification and assignent</li> <li>Individual and team performance assessment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Project management <ul> <li>Scheduling and tracking</li> <li>Project management tools</li> <li>Cost/benefit analysis</li> </ul> </li> <li>Software quality assurance and the role of measurements</li> <li>Risk <ul> <li>Risk identification and management</li> <li>Risk planning</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Discuss common behaviors that contribute to the fective functioning of a team [Usage]</li> <li>Create and follow an agenda for a team meeting [age]</li> <li>Identify and justify necessary roles in a software velopment team [Usage]</li> <li>Understand the sources, hazards, and potential b efits of team conflict [Usage]</li> <li>Apply a conflict resolution strategy in a team sett [Usage]</li> <li>Use an ad hoc method to estimate software devel ment effort (eg, time) and compare to actual eff required [Usage]</li> <li>List several examples of software risks [Usage]</li> <li>Describe the impact of risk in a software devel ment lifecycle [Usage]</li> <li>Demonstrate through involvement in a team proj the central elements of team building and team m agement [Usage]</li> </ul>

8. Methodology

El profesor del curso presentará clases teóricas de los temas señalados en el programa propiciando la intervención de los alumnos.

El profesor del curso presentará demostraciones para fundamentar clases teóricas.

El profesor y los alumnos realizarán prácticas

Los alumnos deberán asistir a clase habiendo leído lo que el profesor va a presentar. De esta manera se facilitará la comprensión y los estudiantes estarán en mejores condiciones de hacer consultas en clase.

9. Assessment

Continuous Assessment 1 : 20 %

Partial Exam : 30 %

Continuous Assessment 2 : 20 %

Final exam : 30 %

# References

Ambriola, Vincenzo (July 2001). Software Process Technology. Springer.
Blum, Bruce I. (May 1992). Software Engineering: A Holistic View. 7th. Oxford University Press US.
Conradi, R (Mar. 2000). Software Process Technology. Springer.
Keyes, Jessica (Feb. 2004). Software Configuration Management. CRC Press.
Montangero, Carlo (Sept. 1996). Software Process Technology. Springer.
Oquendo, Flavio (Sept. 2003). Software Process Technology. Springer.
Pressman, Roger S. (Mar. 2004). Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach. 6th. McGraw-Hill.
Priest, John W. and Jose M. Sanchez (Jan. 2001). Product Development and Design for Manufacturing. Marcel Dekker.
Schach, Stephen R (Jan. 2004). Object-Oriented and Classical Software Engineering. McGraw-Hill.
Wang, Yingxu and Graham King (Apr. 2000). Software Engineering Processes: Principles and Applications. CRC Press.
Windle, Daniel R. and L. Rene Abreo (Aug. 2002). Software Requirements Using the Unified Process. Prentice Hall.